AMORGOS FLUX

Water, Tourism,

Climate Change



Habitat Unit

Brief
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Dr. Christian Haid

12.04.2023



"Greek Islands are largely unknown, even if they are very often mentioned and discussed, either as "unique" or "ideal destinations" or negatively for health, remoteness and ageing issues."

Atlas of the Islands



Historic characteristic of the Archipelago

Aegean Sea, Greek Aigaíon Pélagos, Turkish Ege Deniz, an arm of the Mediterranean Sea, located between the Greek peninsula on the west and Asia Minor on the east. About 380 miles (612 km) long and 186 miles (299 km) wide, it has a total area of some 83,000 square miles (215,000 square km).

The Aegean is connected through the straits of the Dardanelles, the Sea of Marmara, and the Bosporus to the Black Sea, while the island of Crete can be taken as marking its boundary on the south.

Encyclopedia Britannia



Ancient Aegean culture birthed two of the greatest early civilizations - Crete and Greece.

Trade flows between the Asia Minor, Continental Europ and Northern Africa were distinctive for the rise of the region and left ample historical evidences.

The Aegean Sea is not only culturally significant but also a site of great scientific interest due to its unique characteristics. Underwater discoveries, such as ancient shipwrecks and cities, provide valuable insights into ancient civilizations and their maritime activities.

Cycladic figurines (c) Museum of Cycladic Art, Athens

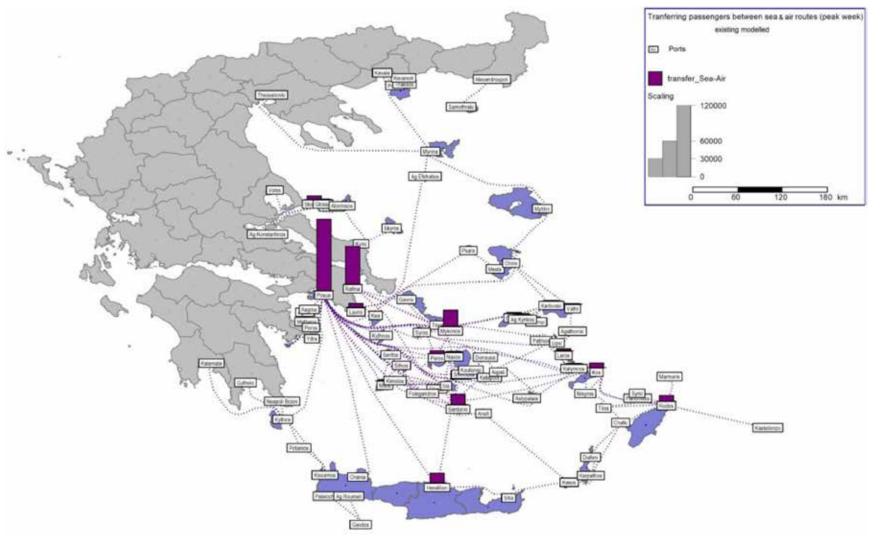


The architecture of the Islands - especially in the Cycladics - is formed by the region's unique topography and the persistent need for protection from enemies as well as the strong winds.

The villages are built in clusters, with narrow streets and alleys, creating a labyrinthine feel.

The houses are often built next to each other, forming a fortress-like wall, and decorated with local stones and natural materials.

Sifnos - Kastron (c) Authors



Despite their "rural" and "scenic" beauty, most of the islands have to be considered as facet of the planatary "urbanization". This is mediated by intricate transnational network of in- and outflows.

Many of the arid islands have evolved into urbanized tourist destinations influenced by global and national economic and political developments that transformed these regions in unprecedented ways, reshaping the underlying social, economic, and infrastructural dynamics of the entire archipelago. As a result, the islands are held together by intricate systems of flows and infrastructures, a unique density and diversity of currents, identities, and connections.

(c) Fani Hatziioannidu

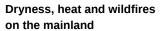


Transformation

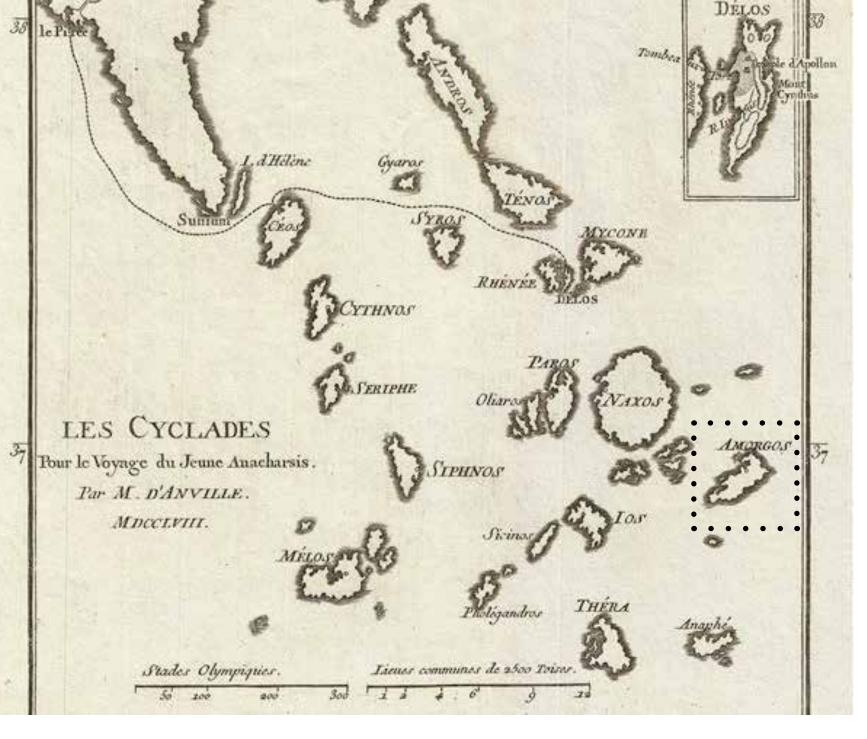
Cruise tourism, geopolitical tensions between Greece and Turkey, global migration routes, European energy expansion goals, invasive species, and global climate change are some of the transformative forces shaping the region with significant ecological and social consequences.



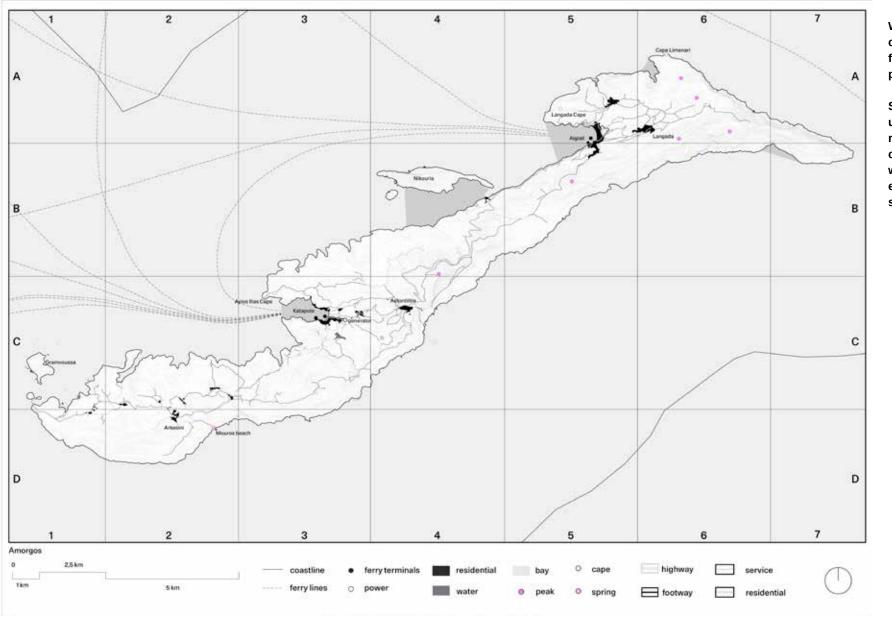








The studio will focus on the island of Amorgos on the eastern rim of the Cyclades.

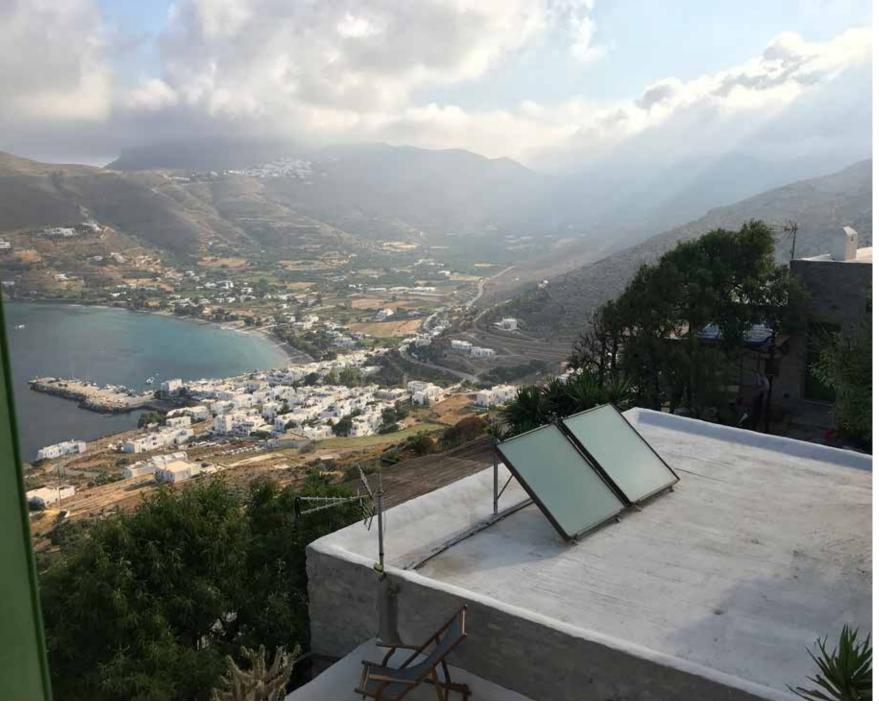


We will investigate its constitutive systems and flows of goods, materials, people, water, energy.

Students will gain a deep understanding of the region's history, ecology, culture, and economy, as well as the social and environmental factors that shape the islands today.



View into the Bay of Aegiali



Hozoviotissa Monastary





Agia Anna



Phase 1 Analysis 4 Weeks

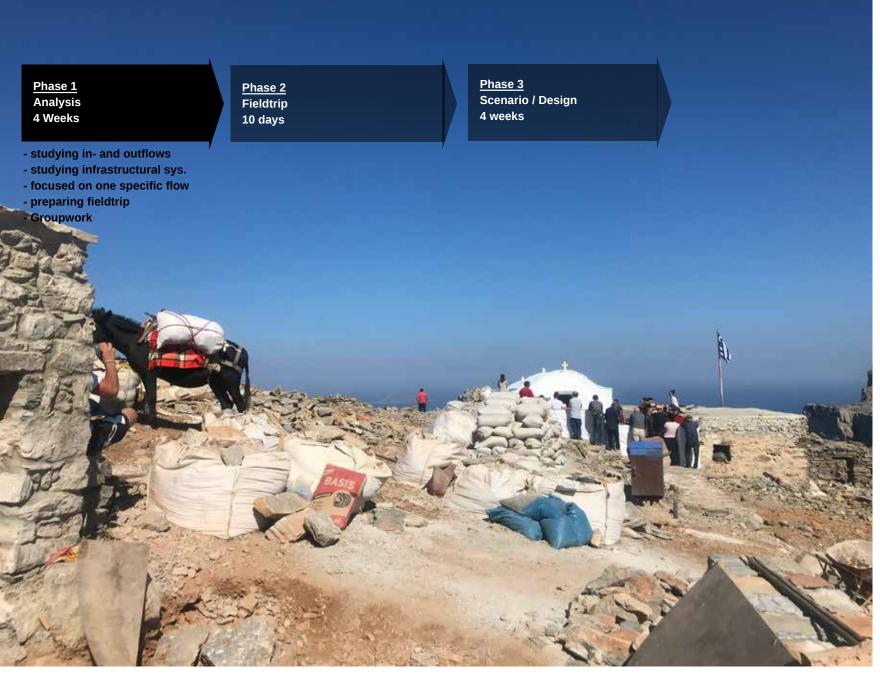
- studying in- and outflows
- studying infrastructural sys.
- focused on one specific flow
- preparing fieldtrip
- Groupwork

Phase 2 Fieldtrip 10 days

- expert tours
- coll. mapping of hist. watersyst.
- self-guided fieldwork

Phase 3
Scenario / Design
4 weeks

- development and design of transformation scenarios through different scales



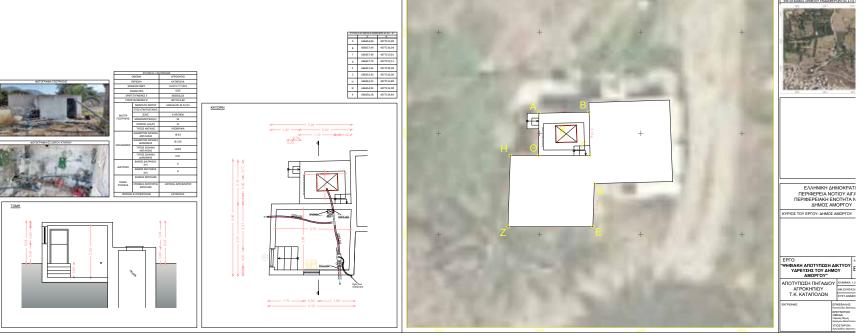
Analyis

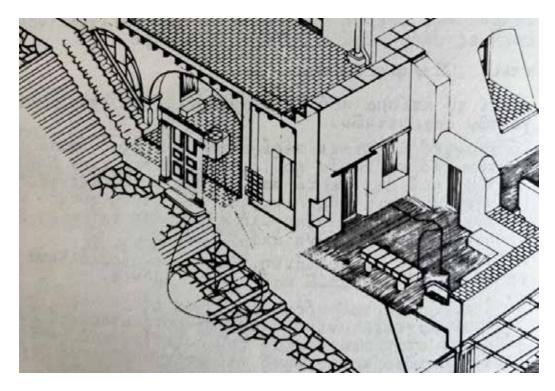
In a first stage groups will study the inflow and outflow and their underlying systems to prepare for a 10 day field-trip.

After these extensive analysis processes, in a third phase, groups will develop speculative scenarios that will project current developments into future touristic and urban transformations.

Habitat Unit

17/24 11.04.23 Amorgos Flux





PIV

Fachgebiet Bau- und Stadtbaugeschichte Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hermann Schlimme M.A. Melanie Kim-Lan Nguyen

Date: Friday 19.05 + Friday

26.05

Abstract:

The PIV will give insights into various methods of site survey and (photo)graphical recording in preparation for the field trip on the island to map the ancient watercysterns and transport systems that are currently unused.

The sessions will include theoretical and practical guidance.



On site in Amorgos, the groups investigate specific infrastructure systems and their history with the help of interviews, drawings and mapping in Geobased Information System (GIS).

Excursion 31.5.-9.6.

Costs

Airfare BER- ATH ar.

200-250 €

Accommodation Athens 2

Nights ar. 80 €

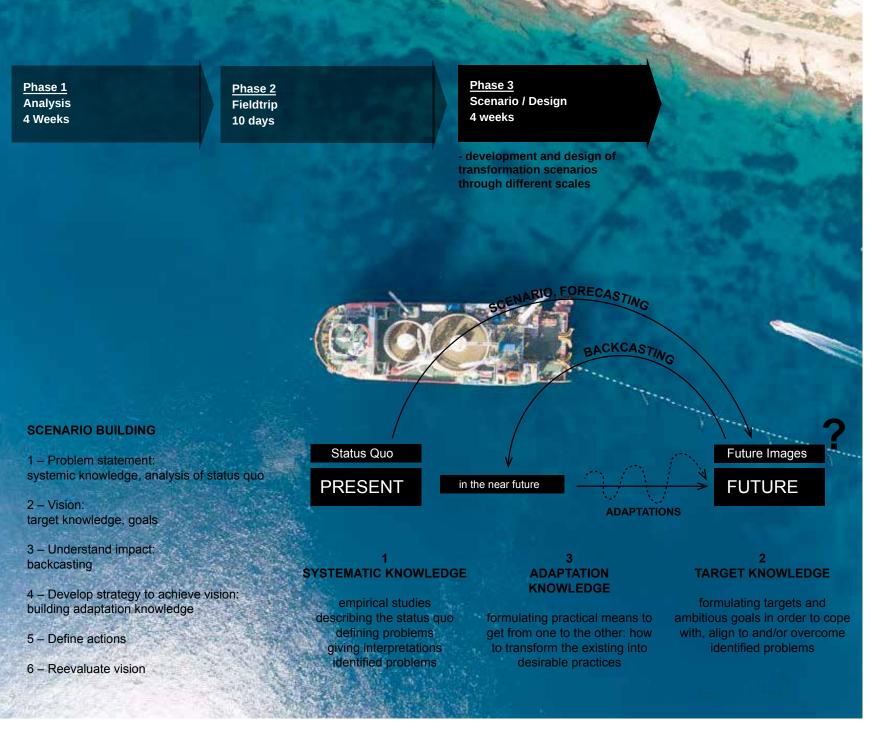
Accommodation Amorgos

ar. 15 € per day

(7 days)

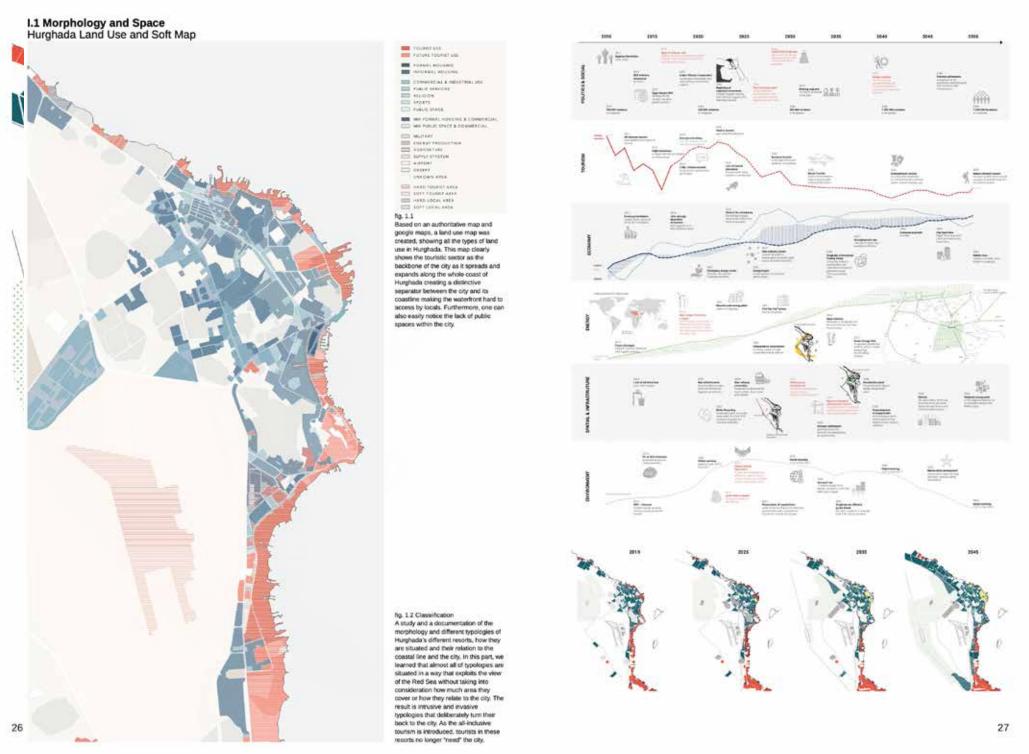
Ferry to Amorgos and return ar. 100-160 €

Total: ar. 550 €

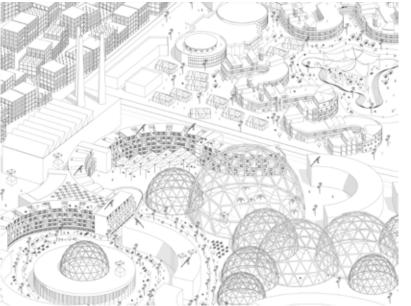


Scenario / Design

After these extensive analysis processes, in a third phase, groups will develop speculative scenarios that will project current developments into future touristic and urban transformations.



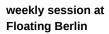




Scenario Approaches

(c) Red Sea All-Inclusive Habitat Unit







Design Studio

12 ECTS + 3 ECTS (PIV)

MA UD: PJ 1-3 EP

M Arch: EP Städtebau I/II

MA Arch T: PJ 1-3 MA SRP: Projekt

Teaching Day

Thursdays 10am to 5pm, IfA and Floating University Studio A202

Open Studio

April 13, 2023, 2 pm, Room 202

First meeting

April 20, 2023, 10 pm, Room 202

Excursion to Amorgos

June 2023 (no funding available) Approximate costs 500-600 Euro

Betreuung

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